

North Carolina Free Enterprise Foundation
2010 Questionnaire
Candidates for North Carolina General Assembly

Please complete and return
by March 19 Deadline

SECTION I. Candidate Personal Profile Information

Name: JEFF BARNHART Office Sought (circle): Senate House District #: 82
Party (circle): Democrat Republican Other: _____
Address: 1582 BAY MEADOWS AVE NW City: CONCORD State: NC Zip: 28027
County of Residence: CABARRUS Length of Residence in County: 25 YEARS
Home Phone: → Work Phone: → Mobile Phone: 704-791-2961
Email: j.barnhart@ctc.net Fax: _____
Gender: MALE Race/Ethnicity: CAUCASIAN Religion: METHODIST
Place of Birth (city/state): WAVERLY NY Date of Birth: 3/5/1956
Marital Status (circle): Married Single Divorced Separated Number of Children: 2
Occupation: CEO Employer: CABARRUS COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTERS, INC.
Military Service: US AIR FORCE High School: WAVERLY HIGH SCHOOL
Colleges/Universities Attended: SUNY @ ALFRED, NY / SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY, CARBONDALE, IL
Degrees: BS-INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGY
Previous Elected/Appointed Offices: COUNTY COMMISSIONER - CABARRUS - 10 YRS. / CABARRUS
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BOARD OF DIRECTORS - 10 YRS / WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY OF
CABARRUS COUNTY - 8 YRS

SECTION II. Candidate Campaign Information

Name of Campaign Committee: COMMITTEE TO ELECT JEFF BARNHART
Campaign Email: jeffbarnhart2010@yahoo.com Campaign Website: soon
Campaign Phone: _____ Campaign Fax: _____
Campaign Address: PO Box 1137 City: CONCORD State: NC Zip: 28026-1137
Campaign Treasurer: MARK DALTON Campaign Treasurer Phone: 704-932-2757
Political Consultants: PAUL SHUMAKER - CAPITAL COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

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Considering your personal and professional associations, how likely are you to receive support from each of the following groups?

	Very Likely	Likely	Unknown	Unlikely	Very Unlikely
A. North Carolina Advocates for Justice (formerly the Academy of Trial Lawyers)	1	2	3	4	5
B. Medical Groups (ex. Doctors, Hospital Administrators)	1	2	3	4	5
C. Banking & Finance Industry	1	2	3	4	5
D. Utility/Telecommunications Companies	1	2	3	4	5
E. Real Estate & Construction Industry	1	2	3	4	5
F. Labor Unions	1	2	3	4	5
G. Retail/Wholesale Businesses	1	2	3	4	5
H. State Employees Association of N.C. (SEANC)	1	2	3	4	5
I. Insurance Industry	1	2	3	4	5
J. N.C. Association of Educators (NCAE)	1	2	3	4	5
K. Business Professionals (ex. Architects, Accountants, Engineers)	1	2	3	4	5
L. Transportation Industry	1	2	3	4	5
M. Agri-business Interests	1	2	3	4	5
N. Legislative Leadership Committees	1	2	3	4	5

Are there other groups not listed that you would expect to receive a campaign contribution or endorsement from? (Ex. Lillian's List, Anti-Tax Groups)

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SECTION III. CANDIDATE ISSUE QUESTIONS & STATEMENTS

Instructions: Please respond to the following questions and statements by circling the response that best represents your position or opinion. You are invited to provide additional comments or explanations for your answers on a separate page. Please be sure to identify which question you are commenting on by noting the appropriate question number with your additional comments.

GENERAL BUSINESS

1. For every \$100.00 of sales, about how much profit do you believe the average North Carolina business nets? (Circle one response)

Under \$1 \$1-5 \$5-10 \$10-25 \$25-50 Over \$50

2. The current level of taxes paid by North Carolina businesses is too high, too low, or about right? (Circle one response)

Too high Too low About right

3. Have you owned or managed a business? (If so, please describe below.)

Yes No

PRINTING COMPANY (1993-1998)

FENCE COMPANY (1999-2005)

4. Do you believe that environmental laws and regulations in North Carolina are too strict, about right, or too lenient?

Too Strict About Right Too Lenient Undecided

BUDGET & TAXES

5. Reducing taxes on businesses in North Carolina will stimulate economic activity resulting in the creation of more jobs and increased tax revenue.

Agree Disagree Undecided

6. Reducing taxes on businesses in North Carolina will reduce state revenues and cause substantial harm to critical government programs and services.

Agree Disagree Undecided

7. The growth of state spending from year to year should be limited to a specific growth factor such as the rate of inflation.

Agree Disagree Undecided

8. Recurring state budget expenditures should only be funded with existing, recurring revenues.

Agree Disagree Undecided

9. The state sales tax should be expanded to include personal and professional services such as haircuts, automotive repairs, legal services and medical services.

Agree Disagree Undecided

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*IF SO - MUST BE A REVENUE NEUTRAL
PLAN. DESIGNED TO MATCH
ECONOMY OF STATE*

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10. Dedicated sources of revenue (such as the Highway Trust Fund) should not be transferred to the General Fund as a means of balancing the state budget.

Agree Disagree Undecided

11. North Carolina's personal income tax should be increased in order to provide more revenue for state programs and services.

Agree Disagree Undecided

12. The North Carolina General Assembly should make permanent the one-cent sales tax increase that is set to expire on June 30, 2011, in order to secure those revenues for future needs and planning.

Agree Disagree Undecided

EMPLOYMENT

13. North Carolina should remain a "Right to Work" state, meaning that a person cannot be required to join a union in order to get or keep a job.

Agree Disagree Undecided

14. The North Carolina General Assembly should raise the state's minimum wage above the current level of \$7.25 per hour.

Agree Disagree Undecided

15. The North Carolina General Assembly should mandate what specific health benefits coverage private-sector employers provide to their employees, even if it raises the cost of premiums.

Agree Disagree Undecided

16. The North Carolina General Assembly should expand workers' compensation disability payments to workers who suffer from non-physical ailments such as stress and depression, even if it raises the cost of premiums.

Agree Disagree Undecided

17. Associations representing state and local employees and teachers should be allowed to engage in collective bargaining for wages, benefits and working conditions.

Agree Disagree Undecided

18. The North Carolina General Assembly should repeal the ability of state employees and teachers to authorize the payroll deduction of association dues (dues check-off).

Agree Disagree Undecided

19. Employers in North Carolina should be required to provide paid sick leave to all employees.

Agree Disagree Undecided

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

20. State tax dollars should be used as incentives to entice large companies to locate in North Carolina.

Agree Disagree Undecided

DEPENDENT ON MANY FACTORS + SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE. MUST BE MEASURED & MONITORED. COULD DO OTHER THINGS TO CREATE BETTER BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT THAT WOULD BE MORE EFFECTIVE & FAIR.

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21. The focus of North Carolina's economic development efforts should be on reducing the corporate income tax rate and improving the overall business climate of the state, rather than providing tax incentives to a limited number of large corporations.

Agree Disagree Undecided

ENVIRONMENT & INFRASTRUCTURE

22. North Carolina's environmental regulations should be no stricter than applicable federal requirements.

Agree Disagree Undecided

23. Toll roads are a necessary part of meeting North Carolina's growing transportation needs.

Agree Disagree Undecided

CIVIL JUSTICE

24. It is important for a jury in a civil lawsuit to be informed of health insurance and disability insurance payments already received by a plaintiff before deciding on an award in the case.

Agree Disagree Undecided

25. If there are multiple defendants in a negligence case and one or more of the defendants is unable to pay their share of the damages, the defendant or defendants who can pay should have to pay for 100 percent of the damages awarded.

Agree Disagree Undecided

26. The North Carolina General Assembly should repeal the state's "contributory negligence" law (which prohibits an injured person from collecting damages if the person contributed to his or her own injury) and replace it with "comparative fault" (which allows an injured person the potential to collect damages, depending upon the percentage of fault that is attributable to the person).

Agree Disagree Undecided

GOVERNANCE

27. The state legislature should expand the authority of cities and counties to impose a broader range of taxes and fees at the local level.

Agree Disagree Undecided

*REALLY NEEDS TO BE PART OF BIGGER PICTURE
IN TAX REFORM, BUT GOOD IDEA TO BROADEN
THE BASE.*

If you agree, which of the following taxes or fees would you favor? (Circle all of those that apply)

local sales tax local income tax development impact fees real estate transfer tax prepared meals tax

Other taxes or fees (please list): *VOTER APPROVED FOR SPECIFIC PURPOSE, LOOK @ S.P.L.O.S.T IN GA.
(SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX - GEORGIA)*

28. North Carolina should continue to operate under Dillon's Rule, a legal doctrine providing that municipalities and counties possess only those powers and authorities expressly granted to them by the North Carolina Constitution or the State Legislature.

Agree Disagree Undecided

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29. The North Carolina Constitution should be amended to allow voters the ability to add referenda to the statewide ballot after collecting a required minimum number of signatures (i.e., initiative and referendum).

Agree Disagree Undecided

30. A nonpartisan redistricting commission should be established to draw North Carolina's congressional and state legislative district maps following the 2010 Census.

Agree Disagree Undecided

31. The North Carolina Constitution should be amended to establish specific limitations on the length of legislative sessions in North Carolina (session limits).

Agree Disagree Undecided

32. State legislative leaders (the President Pro Tempore of the N.C. Senate and the Speaker of the N.C. House) should be limited to serving no more than two consecutive terms at a time.

Agree Disagree Undecided

33. Judges in North Carolina should be appointed by the Governor instead of elected by the people.

Agree Disagree Undecided

EDUCATION

34. State lawmakers should increase taxes in North Carolina in order to raise teacher pay to the national average.

Agree Disagree Undecided

35. The N.C. General Assembly should grant local school boards independent taxing authority.

Agree Disagree Undecided

36. The North Carolina General Assembly should repeal the law requiring public schools to start the school year no earlier than August 25 and instead allow classes to begin in early August even if such a change would negatively impact the state's tourism industry.

Agree Disagree Undecided

BANKING & FINANCE

37. The government should take a greater role in establishing rates and prices for financial products and services.

Agree Disagree Undecided

38. It is necessary for the North Carolina General Assembly to increase regulations on the financial services industry in order to protect the interests of consumers.

Agree Disagree Undecided

SECTION IV. OPEN-ENDED QUESTION

We must do everything possible to enhance the business climate in North Carolina. We could do a lot to minimize and simplify the bureaucracy that businesses have to deal with, from a complicated tax system to burdensome regulatory laws. It is extremely painful for small business but affects all businesses. Bottom line, North Carolina should lead the way and define what it means to truly be "Business Friendly". We should measure the state on the amount of effort required for a business to meet the state requirements for business compliance in various areas of government. I am confident that the business community could give us their ideas on many things that could be made simpler and thus eliminate unnecessary expense for "compliance".

I also believe we could do a much better job linking our education systems to workforce development and eliminate a lot of the classroom time and expense currently spent on useless classes. It is amazing to me some of the classes that a student ends up taking that either "don't transfer" now or are just useless requirements. Again, with some "outside assistance" we could do much better resulting in a better trained workforce and less expensive educational costs.

If we could partner more with business to evaluate state government performance in meeting the state's requirements while minimizing the cost to businesses, I truly believe we could come up with some great improvements to the status quo and build a better economic engine creating more jobs and a better way of life for those that choose to participate.